Restricts personal use of campaign funds, authorizes investigations

Patrons:

Sen. Boysko (<u>SB 377</u>), Del. Cherry (<u>HB 629</u>) and Del. Simon (<u>HB 40</u>), Del. Kelly K. Convirs-Fowler (<u>HB1360</u>)

KEY PROVISIONS¹:

- Prohibits any candidate from using contributions to their campaign for personal expenses.
- Provides that a **contribution is considered to have been converted to personal use** if the contribution is used to pay for any non-campaign expense, e.g., home mortgage, household utility payment, a tuition payment, and vacation or non-campaign related trip.
- Allows contributions to be used for expenses related to campaigning for or holding elective office, including to pay for the candidate's childcare (or dependent care in case of HB 629) expenses if they are incurred as a direct result of campaign activity.
- Provides a process whereby the State Board of Elections receives notice of and
 investigates alleged violations. This process ensures fairly adjudicated claims and
 minimizes frivolous or unsubstantiated claims. In the case of violations, the Board can
 order the respondent to repay the amount used for personal use and may also assess a
 civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 per itemized expenditure.
- Provides that any person subject to the personal use requirements may request an advisory opinion from the State Board of Elections on such matters.
- Directs the **State Board of Elections to adopt emergency regulations** to implement the provisions of the bill.

WHY VIRGINIA NEEDS THIS BILL:

- Virginia ranks poorly on campaign finance laws. The non-partisan Coalition for Integrity ranked Virginia 46 out of 51 jurisdictions in their SWAMP Index.
- Unlike most states and the federal government, there are no currently legal restrictions on how candidates spend campaign funds.
- Legislation to ban the personal use of campaign funds has been introduced in the legislature as far back as 2014. Every year, legislators have failed to pass such legislation, often citing the need for more study to refine the bills.
- The public's confidence in government has eroded because Virginians increasingly perceive
 that their legislators engage in "pay-to-play" politics and have failed to prevent the abuse
 of campaign funds. 73% of Virginians support closing the personal use loophole.









¹ Note that these bills have slightly different wording in several areas, e.g., the definition of prohibited uses and requirements for the promulgation of rules.